## **CADEBY PARISH COUNCIL**

# NOTICE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS AND PUBLICATION OF UNAUDITED ANNUAL GOVERNANCE & ACCOUNTABILITY RETURN

### **ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 Sections 26 and 27 The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (SI 2015/234)

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		NOTICE		NOTES
1.	Date of announcement	29 <sup>th</sup> June 2023	(a)	(a) Insert date of placing of the notice which must be not less than 1 day
A n a A a b re in	Each year the smaller a ccountability Return (AGA otice. It will not be review uthority has certified itself a ny person interested has ccounting records for the fooks, deeds, contracts, belating to those records musterested. For the year envailable on reasonable notice.	R). The AGAR has been by the appointed audits exempt from the appoint the right to inspect an financial year to which the tills, vouchers, receipts to be made available for inded 31 March 2023, the	en published with this litor, since the smaller ted auditor's review. d make copies of the ne audit relates and all and other documents spection by any person	before the date in (c) below
	(b) The Clerk, phone 078 Email:cadebyparishco	uncil.gov.uk		(b) Insert name, position and address/telephone number/ email address, as appropriate, of the Clerk or
		Rd, Sheepy Parva, Atherst day 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2023	one CV9 3RE	other person to which any person may apply to inspect the accounts
	commencing on (c) <u>Fin</u>	uay 30 June 2023		(c) Insert date, which must be at least 1 day after the date of announcement in
	and ending on (d) Thursday 10 <sup>th</sup> August 2023 [the 30th working day after (c) above]		pove]	(a) above and extends for a single period of 30 working days (inclusive) ending on the date appointed in (d)
3. Local government electors and their representatives also have:			below	
	The opportunity to queecords; and	uestion the appointed audit	or about the accounting	(d) The inspection period between (c) and (d) must also include the first 10 working days of July.
	the appointed auditor the court for a decla	objection which concerns a r could either make a public i ration that an item of acco must first be given to the a	nterest report or apply to ount is unlawful. Written	
	The appointed auditor can for this purpose between the	n be contacted at the addre ne above dates only.	ss in paragraph 4 below	
u A	The smaller authority's AG nder the provisions of the ccounts and Audit Regulati 015. The appointed auditor	e Local Audit and Accou ions 2015 and the NAO's	ntability Act 2014, the	
		N	100RE	
	Moore (Ref AP/HD) Rutland House,	I'	IOOKL	
	Minerva Business Park, Lynch Wood,			
	Peterborough			
	PE2 6PZ			(e) Insert name and position of person placing the notice – this person must be
				the responsible financial officer for the
5	This announcement is mad	le by (e) _Angela Forsyth	Clerk & Responsible	smaller authority

**Financial Officer** 

#### LOCAL AUTHORITY ACCOUNTS: A SUMMARY OF YOUR RIGHTS

Please note that this summary applies to all relevant smaller authorities, including local councils, internal drainage boards and 'other' smaller authorities.

#### The basic position

By law, any interested person has the right to inspect the accounting records of smaller authorities. If you are a local government elector or registered to vote in the local councils' elections, then you are able to ask questions about the accounts and object to them.

## The right to inspect the accounting records

When your council has finalised its accounts for the previous financial year, they must advertise that they are available for people to inspect. You must then provide the council with reasonable notice of your intentions. Following this, by arrangement you will then have 30 working days to inspect and make copies of the accounting records and supporting documents. You may be required to pay a copying charge.

## The right to ask the auditor questions about the accounting records

If you have any questions regarding the accounting records, you should first ask your smaller authority. This must be done during the 30-day period for the exercise of public rights. You may also ask the appointed auditor questions about an item in the accounting records. However, the auditor can only answer 'what' questions, not 'why' questions so is limited with their response. To avoid any confusion, it is advised that you put your questions in writing.

#### The right to make objections

Should you view something as unlawful or believe there are matters of wider concern in the accounts, you may wish to object. If you are a local government elector, you have the right to ask the external auditor to apply to the courts for a declaration that an item is contrary to the law and should be reported as a matter of public interest. This must be done by telling the appointed auditor which specific item in the accounts you object to and why you believe it to be unlawful or think a public interest report should be made about it. You must provide clear evidence to support your objection, and this should be done in writing and the copied to the council.

You should not use the 'right to object' to make a personal complaint or claim against your smaller authority. Complaints of this nature should be taken to your local Citizens' Advice Bureau, local Law Centre or to your solicitor.

#### A final word

Smaller authorities, and so local taxpayers, meet the costs of dealing with questions and objections. In deciding whether to take your objection forward, the auditor must consider the cost that will be involved. They will only continue with the objection if it is in the public interest to do so. If you appeal to the courts against an auditor's decision, you may have to pay for the action yourself.