1	General Information
1.1	Name and address of site
	Some sites have several names and all known names should be given
	The Church of St James the Greater Churchyard
1.2	Site location plan
	The plan can be at any scale, but must show the location and boundaries of the site.
	Please indicate the scale.
	Local Green Space Sutton Cheney PARISH The Church of St James the Greater Churchyard Author: L. Administrator Image: Comparison of St James the Greater Churchyard Date: 13/01/2025 E 10/2000 of St James the Greater Churchyard Image: Comparison of St James the Greater Churchyard
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1.3	Organisation or individual proposing site for designation
	This will normally be a Town or Parish Council or a recognised community group Dadlington & Sutton Cheney Parish Council
1.4	Ownership of site if known
1.7	Information on land ownership can be obtained from the Land Registry. Some land parcels are not registered however local people may know the owner.
	Parochial Church Council
1.5	Is the owner of the site aware of the potential designation?
	Unknown
1.6	Does the owner support the designation?
	Sites may be designated as Local Green Spaces, even if there are objections from the site owners
	Unknown
1.7	Photographs of site
I	1

1.8	Community served by the potential Local Green Space <i>i.e. does the site serve the whole village/town or a particular geographic area or group of people?</i>
	The Churchyard lies in the centre of the village and serves the whole community.
2	Planning History
2.1	Is there currently a planning application for this site?
	If planning permission has been permitted could part of the overall site still be used as a Green Open Space?
	There are no current planning applications for this site.
2.2	Is the site allocated for development in the Local Plan?
	If allocated, could part of the overall site still be used as a Green Open Space?
	No.
3	Size, scale and "local nature" of proposed Local Green Space
3.1	Area of proposed site
	1748.6500 m2
3.2	Is the site an "extensive tract of land"?
	(Extensive tracts of land cannot be designated as Local Green Space)
	e.g. how large is it in comparison to other fields; groups of fields; areas of land in the vicinity etc.? Does the site "feel" extensive or more local in scale?
	No.

3.3	Is the proposed site "local in character"?
	e.g. does the site feel as though it is part of the local area? And why? How does it connect physically, visually and socially to the local area? What is your evidence?
	Yes. There has been a church on the high ground, north west of The Green, since the thirteenth century.
4	Need for Local Green Space
4.1	Is there a need for a local green space in this location?
	e.g. is there a shortage of accessible greenspace in the area? Is there a village needs survey or parish plan that provides evidence of that need. Further information – Natural England (Accessible Natural Greenspace Standard)
	The Green is a focal point for Dadlington and makes an important contribution to its form and character.
5	Evidence to show that "the green space is in reasonably close proximity to the community it serves"
5.1	How far is the site from the community it serves? Is the site within 2km of the local community?
	Possible evidence – a map to show that distance
	The Green lies at the centre of Dadlington.
5.2	Are there any barriers to the local community accessing the site from their homes?
	e.g. railway line; main road
	<i>Possible evidence – a map to show any potential barriers and how those can be overcome.</i>
	No
6	Evidence to show that the green area is "demonstrably special to a local community"
6.1	Evidence of support from Parish or Town Council
	e.g. letter of support; Council minutes
	Dadlington & Sutton Cheney Parish Council has approved the Dadlington Neighbourhood Plan that identifies the site as a Local Green Space.
6.2	Evidence of support from other local community groups or individuals.
	e.g. letters of support; petitions; surveys etc.
	In 2021 a questionnaire was delivered to local households inviting residents to complete the survey. 92% of respondents supported the site's designation as a Local Green Space.
6.3	Evidence of support from community leaders
	e.g. letters of support from Ward Members; County Councillors; MP etc.

6.4	Evidence of support from other groups
	e.g. letters of support from organisations such as Campaign to Protect Rural England; local amenity societies; local schools etc.
7	Evidence to show that the green area "holds a particular local significance, for example because of its beauty," (if applicable)
7.1	Is this criteria relevant to this site?
	If 'No' go to section 8
	Yes
7.2	Describe why the community feels that the site has a particular local significance for its beauty.
	The Churchyard is a defining feature of Dadlington.
7.3	Site visibility
	e.g. is it easy to see the site from a public place? Are there long-distance views of the site? Are there views of the site from any key locations?
	The Churchyard is in a highly visible central location within Dadlington.
7.4	Is the site covered by any landscape or similar designations?
	e.g. Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty; Conservation Area; Special Landscape Area
	Further information –Natural England
	No.
7.5	Is the site (or the type of site) specifically mentioned in any relevant landscape character assessments or similar documents?
	Further information –Natural England
	No
7.6	Does the site contribute to the setting of a historic building or other special feature?
	Yes- Church of St James the Greater.
7.7	Is the site highlighted in literature or art?
	e.g. is the site mentioned in a well-known poem or shown in a famous painting?
	Νο
8	Evidence to show that the green area "holds a particular local significance for example because of its historic significance" (if applicable)
8.1	Is this criterion relevant to this site?
	If 'No' go to section 9
	Yes

8.2	Are there any historic buildings or remains on the site?
	e.g. listed buildings; scheduled ancient monuments; registered parks and gardens; war memorials; other historic remains or structures.
	Further information –English Heritage; local history society
	The Church is listed Grade II*
8.3	Are there any important historic landscape features on the site?
	e.g. old hedgerows; ancient trees; historic ponds or historic garden features
	Further information – English Heritage; local history society
	The Parish Church of St. James the Greater, built during the Middle Ages, is the oldest landmark in Dadlington. It is situated on a hill, to the north of the Green, overlooking the Bosworth Battlefield where King Richard III was slain in 1485.
8.4	Did the site play an important role in the historic development of the village or town?
	e.g. the old site of the town railway station; the old garden for the manor house etc.
	There has been a church on the high ground, north west of The Green, since the
	thirteenth century. Although there is little of the original remaining, the building having
	been restored on several occasions, the layout has probably not changed much at all. The churchyard is entered through a gate which was the village's monument to local people who died during war.
8.5	Did any important historic events take place on the site?
	Key moments in the historic Battle of Bosworth are set to be showcased by a unique sculpture trail around Leicestershire. The Bosworth 1485 Sculpture Trail will comprise of a series of six art installations. The sculptures will be connected by a trail of 21km at its full length (walking) or 24.35km (by car/ cycle).
	One installation (The Storm Breaks) in the Fenn Lanes, will represent the battle site. St James's Church, Dadlington, where the remains of many of those who fell in the battle are believed to be buried, will be the site of an artwork about healing and reconciliation.
8.6	Do any historic rituals take place on the site?
	e.g. well-dressing; maypole dancing etc.
	No
9	Evidence to show that the green area "holds a particular local significance, for example because of its recreational value (including as a playing field)", (if applicable)
9.1	Is this criteria relevant to this site?
	If 'No' go to section 10
	No
9.2	Is the site used for playing sport?
	If so what sport? How long has it been used for sports provision? Is this sports provision free or is a club membership required?

9.3	Are the public able to physically access the site?
	e.g. are there any public rights of way across the site? Or adjacent to the site? Has access been allowed on a discretionary basis? Is there public access to the whole site or only part? Is there good disabled access to the site? (A site can still be designated even if there is no public access.)
9.4	Is the site used by the local community for informal recreation? And since when?
	e.g. dog walking; sledging; ball games etc.
10	Evidence to show that the green area "holds a particular local significance, for example because of its tranquillity" (if applicable)
10.1	Is this criteria relevant to this site?
	If 'No' go to section 11
	Yes
10.2	Do you consider the site to be tranquil?
	e.g. are there are any roads or busy areas close by?
	Regular Church of England morning worship services take place at the Church of St. James the Greater.
10.3	Is the site within a recognised tranquil area?
	e.g. within the Campaign to Protect Rural England ``s tranquillity maps
	No
11	Evidence to show that the green area "holds a particular local significance, for example because of the richness of its wildlife"; (if applicable)
11.1	Is this criteria relevant to this site ?
	If 'No' go to section 12
	Yes
11.2	Is the site formally designated for its wildlife value?
	e.g. as a site of special scientific interest; a key wildlife site etc Further information - Natural England
	Yes- a Local Wildlife Site (91498)
11.3	Are any important habitats or species found on the site?
	e.g. habitats and species listed in the UK priority habitats and species lists or in Biodiversity Action Plans or protected species or on the red/amber lists of birds of conservation concern.
	Further information - Natural England; National Biodiversity Network; RSPB

11.4	What other wildlife of interest has been found on the site?
	Further information - Natural England; National Biodiversity Network
	Churchyard, with amenity grassland and scattered trees/shrubs.
	Grassland recently mown, with fine sward and frequent herbs. Species recorded include:
	Bellis perennis, Taraxacum sp., Leucanthemum vulgare, Plantago lanceolata, Veronica
	chamaedrys, Trifolium repens, Ranunculus repens, Potentilla reptans, Prunella vulgaris,
	Rumex acetosa, Achillea millefolium, Hypochaeris radicata, Cardamine pratensis,
	Scorzoneroides autumnalis, Medicago arabica, Viola reichenbachiana, Veronica
	serpyllifolia, Cerastium fontanum, Ranunculus bulbosus, Trifolium pratense, Galium verum.
11.5	Is the site part of a long term study of wildlife by members of the local community?
	e.g. long-term monitoring of breeding birds.
12	Evidence to show that the green area "holds a particular local significance, for any other reason"; (if applicable)
12.1	Is this criteria relevant to this site?
	No
12.2	What are the other reasons why the site has a particular local significance for the local community?